

Introduction to Computer Vision

Michael J. Black

Project Ideas

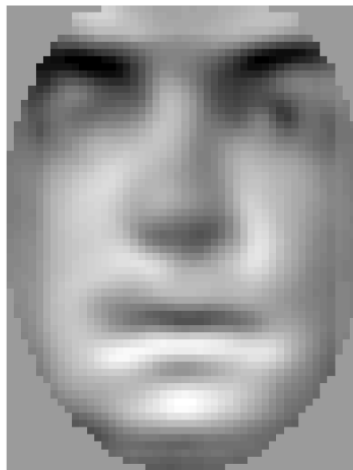
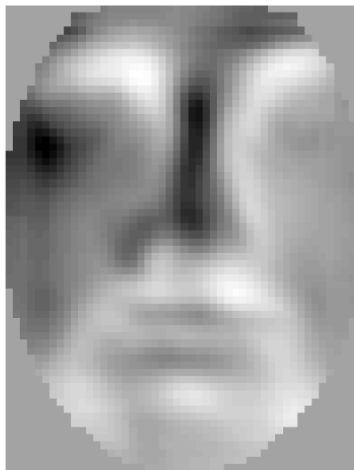
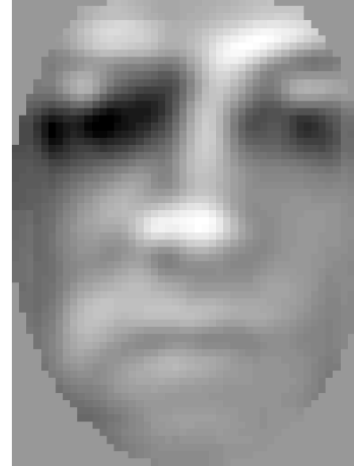
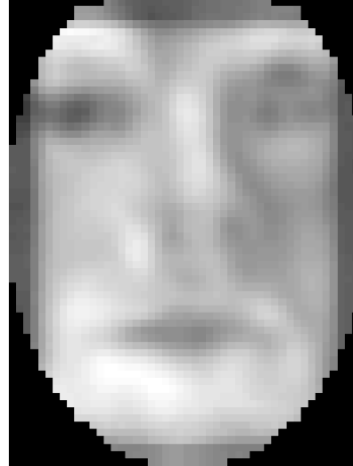
Dates

11/13 Proposals due

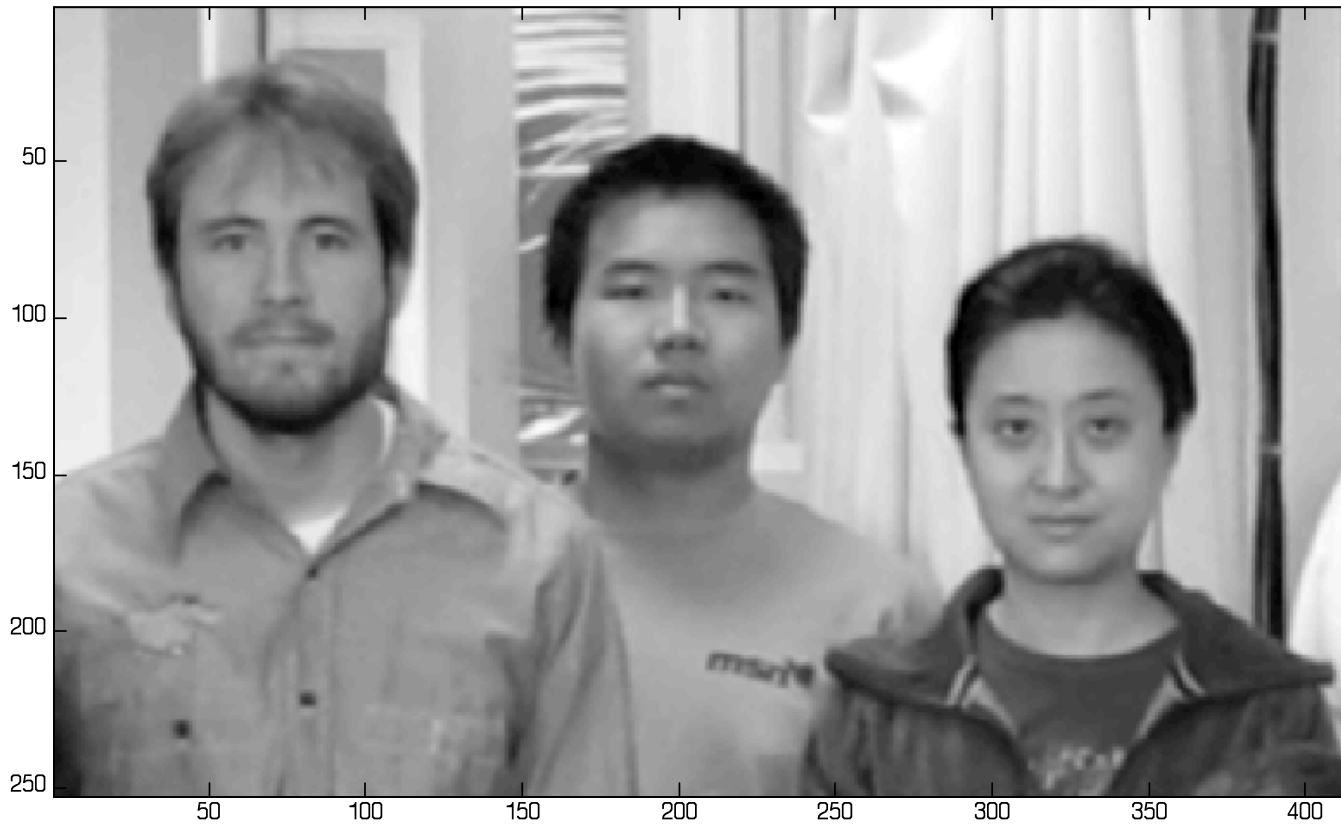
- 1 page write-up
- summary and goals (problem/approach)
- what are the key references
- where will you get data and how will you evaluate your method?

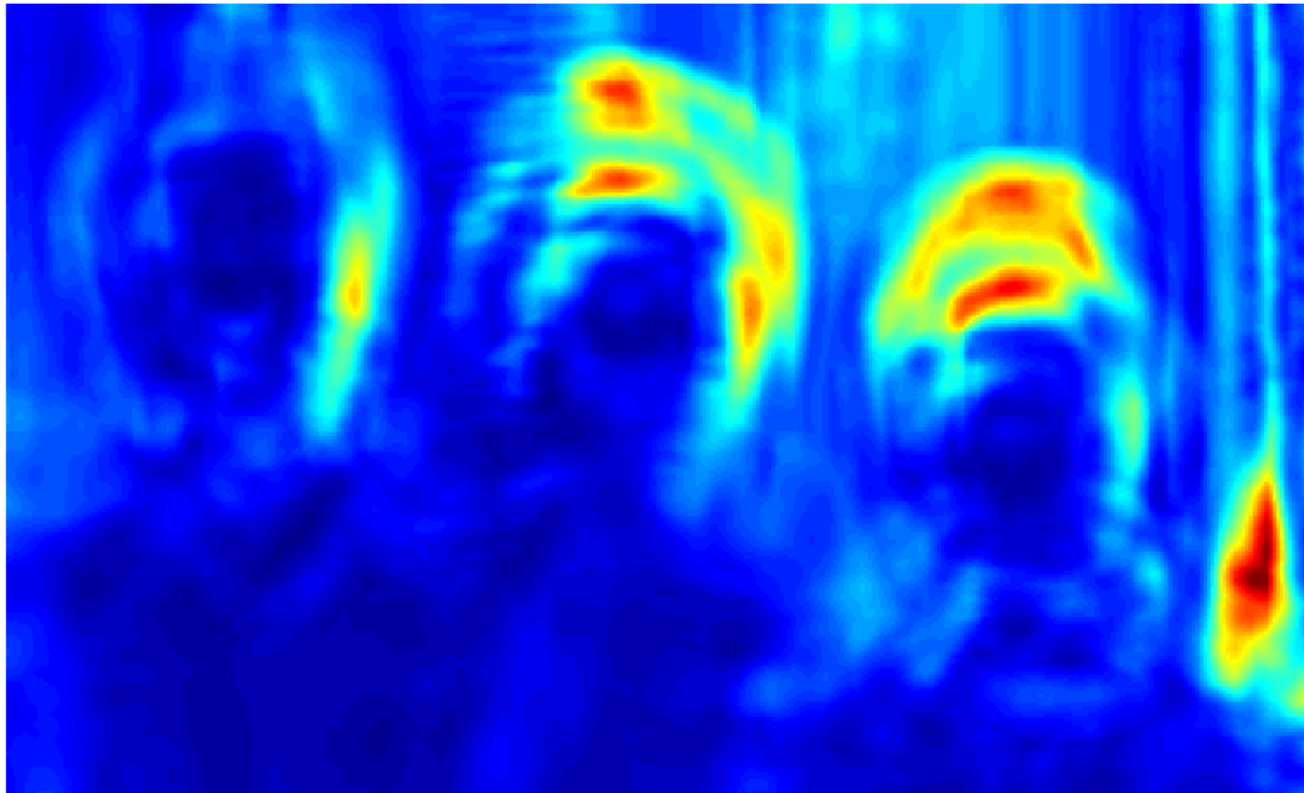
12/14 Projects due

Eigen faces

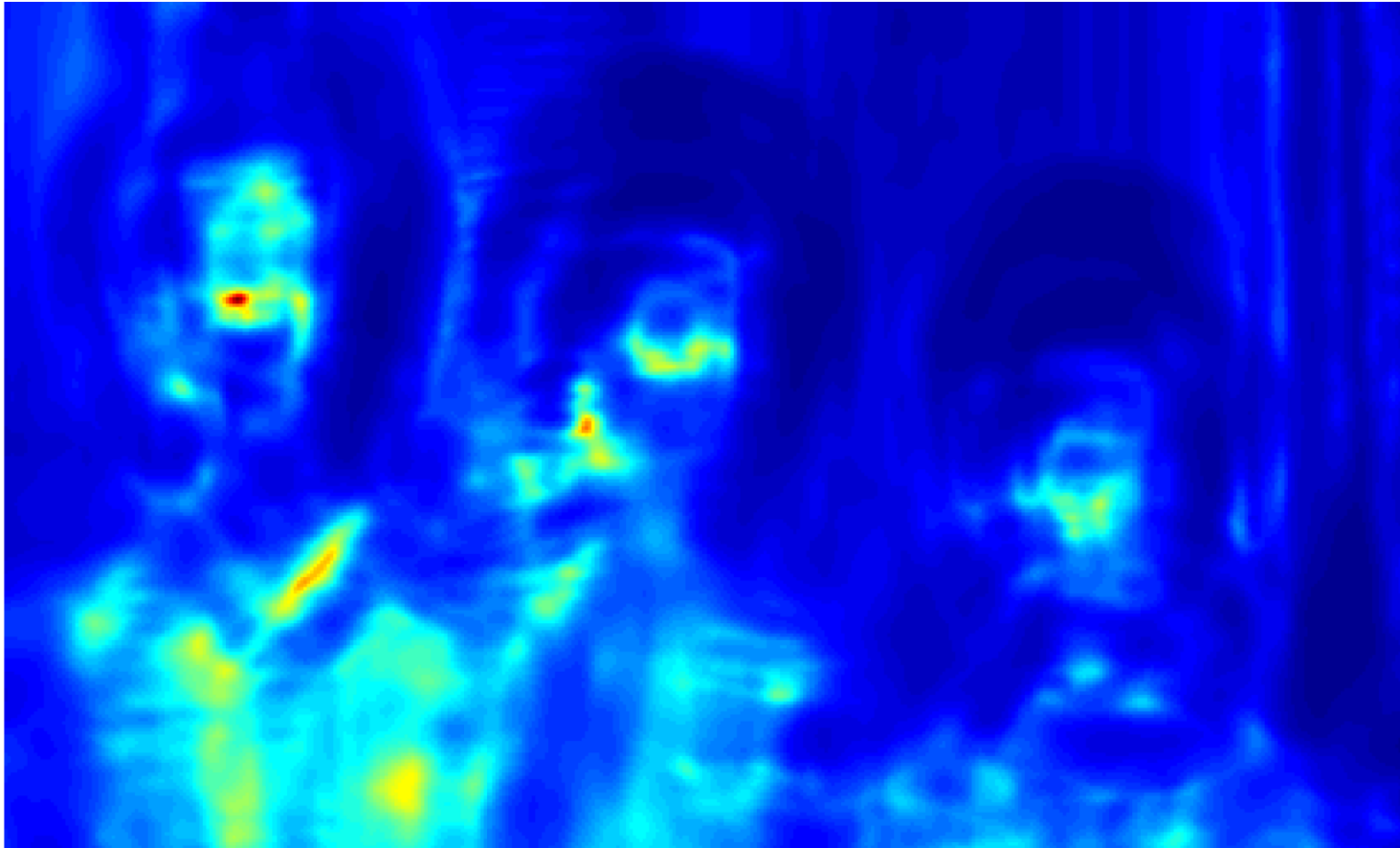


Detect faces

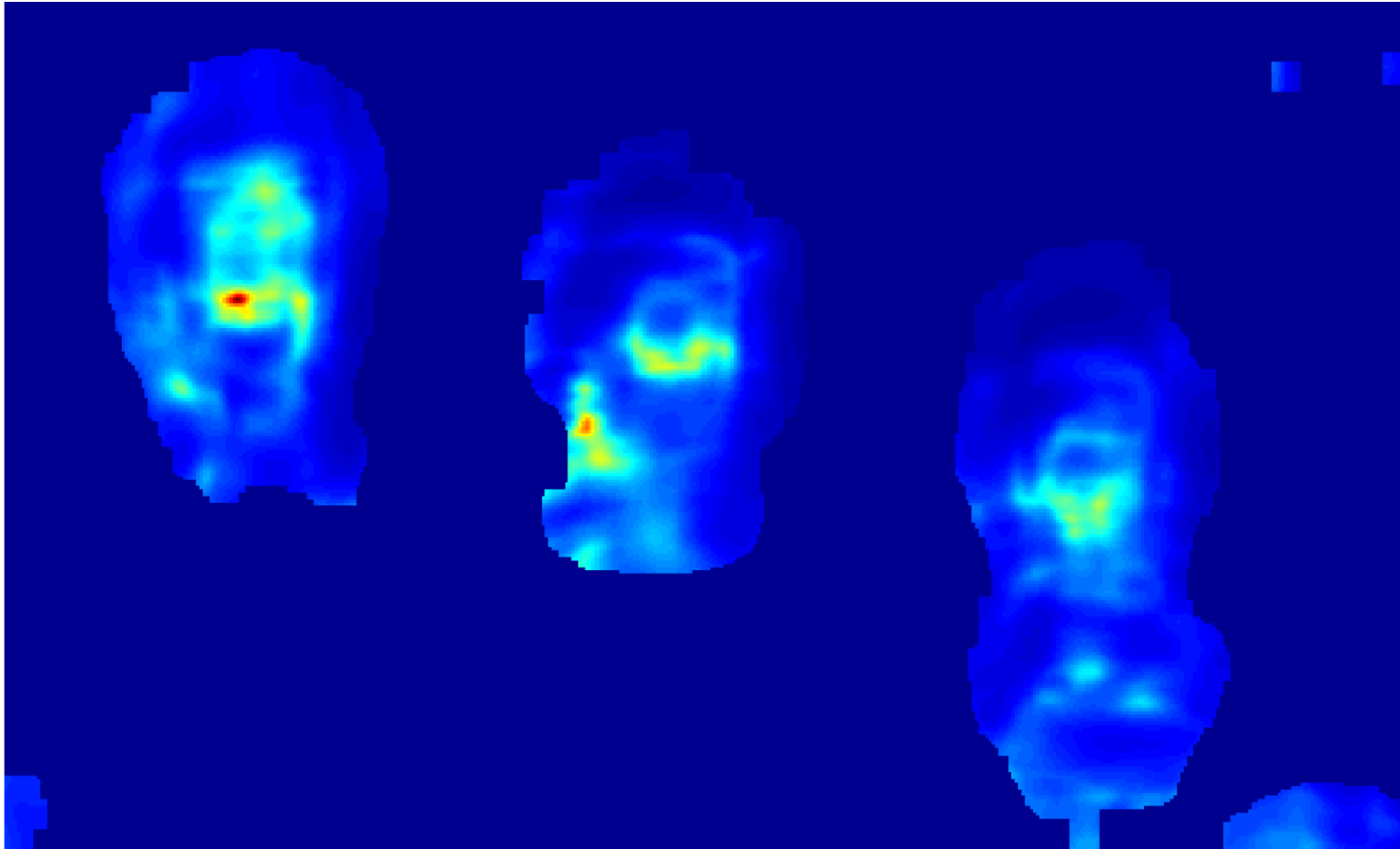




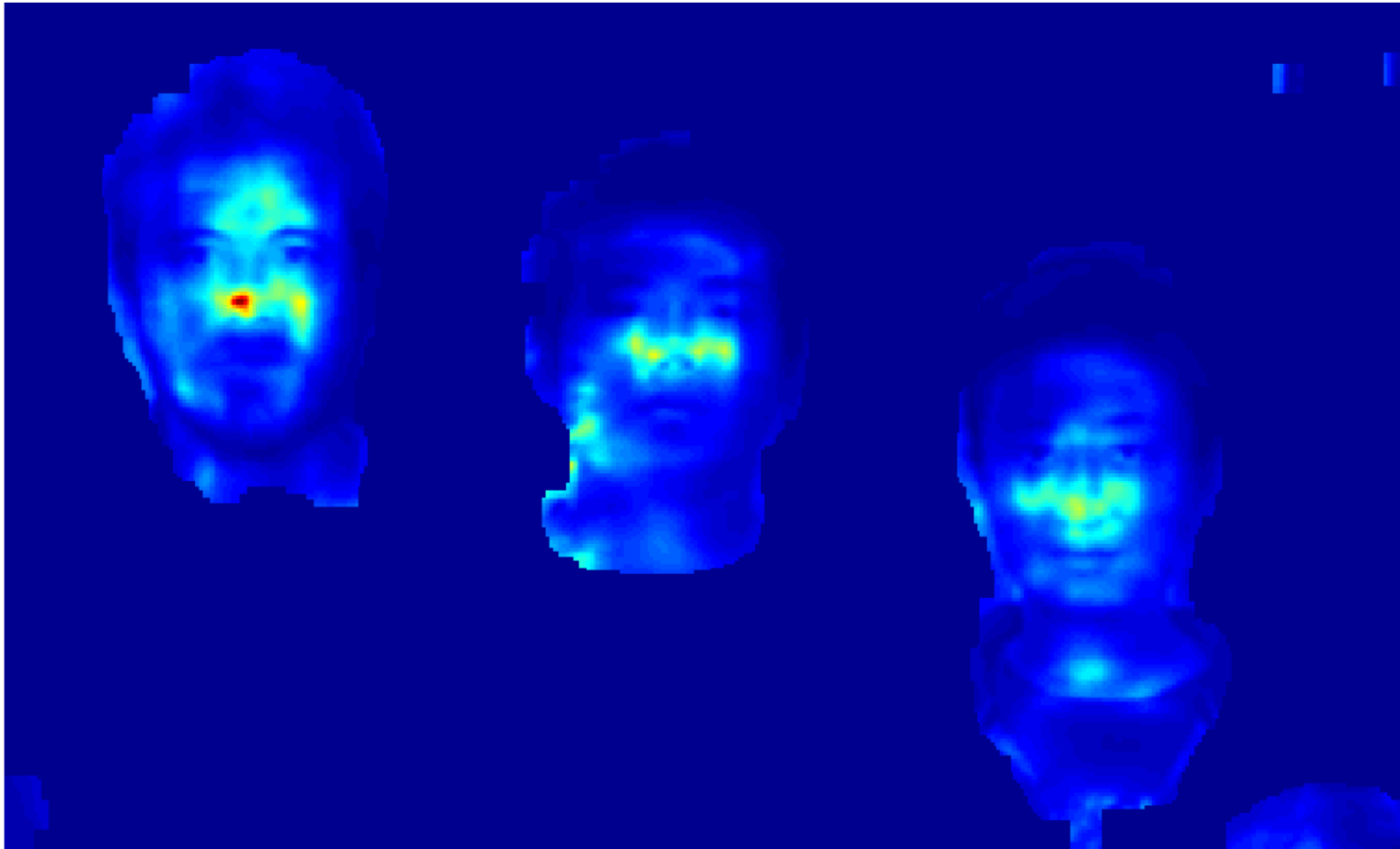
Mahalanobis distance



$1./d$



Masked by skin detections



Times the image

If you work on face detection

- You must use color in some way (e.g. color eigenspace)
- You must search across a range of scales.
- You must try it on some image data that was not collected in class.
- Use the Moghaddam and Pentland paper.
- Extra: try gender recognition.

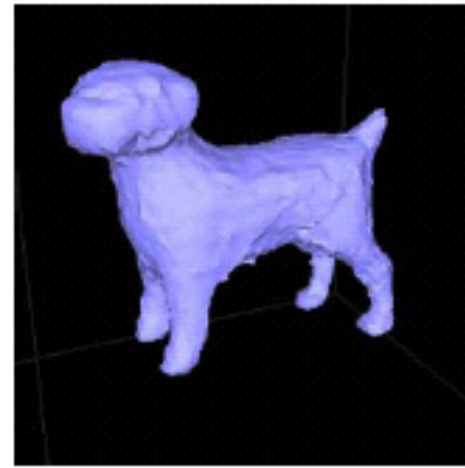
Space Carving



a) original photo



b) silhouette



c) reconstruction

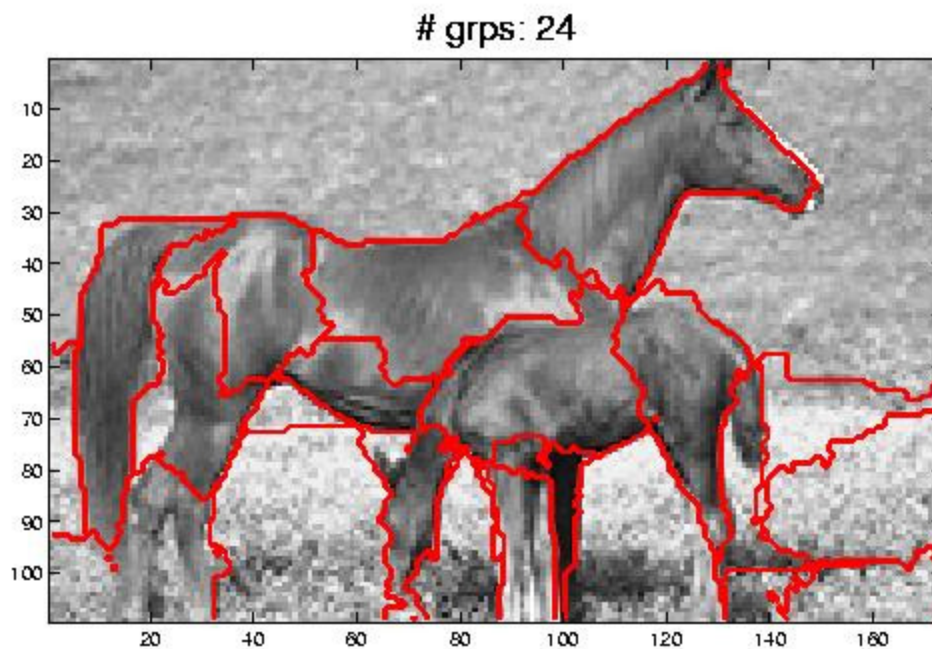
- Kutulakos, K. and Seitz, S. 2000. Theory of Shape by Space Carving. *International Journal of Computer Vision*,
- 38(3):199-218.
- Images from ETH-80 database.

Sources of data

<http://www.vision.ethz.ch/projects/categorization/eth80-db.html>



Image segmentation



Normalized cuts:

<http://www-2.cs.cmu.edu/~jshi/Grouping/>

Face gender classification?



<http://vis-www.cs.umass.edu/lfw/>

13233 labeled faces of 5749 people found with Viola-Jones detector (Adaboost).

Use names to get gender: (<http://www.gpeters.com/names/baby-names.php>?)

More face images

There are many other face databases on the web. Eg:

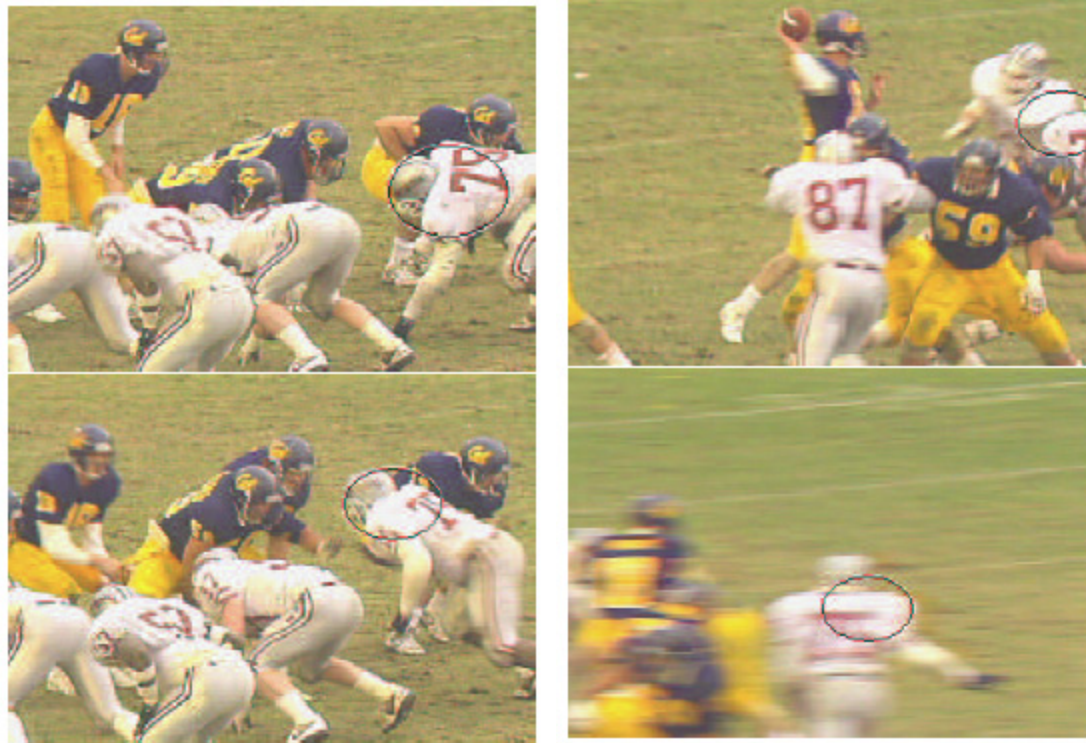
<http://titan.cog.brown.edu:8080/TarrLab/face-place>

Kalman Filter Tracker

- Real-time tracker using a PC camera.



Mean-shift tracking



<http://www.caip.rutgers.edu/~comanici/Papers/KernelTracking.pdf>

Facial expressions

- Affine head tracking
- analysis of motions of facial features

Recognizing Facial Expressions using Local
Parametric Motion Models

M. Black, Xerox PARC
Y. Yacoob, U of Maryland

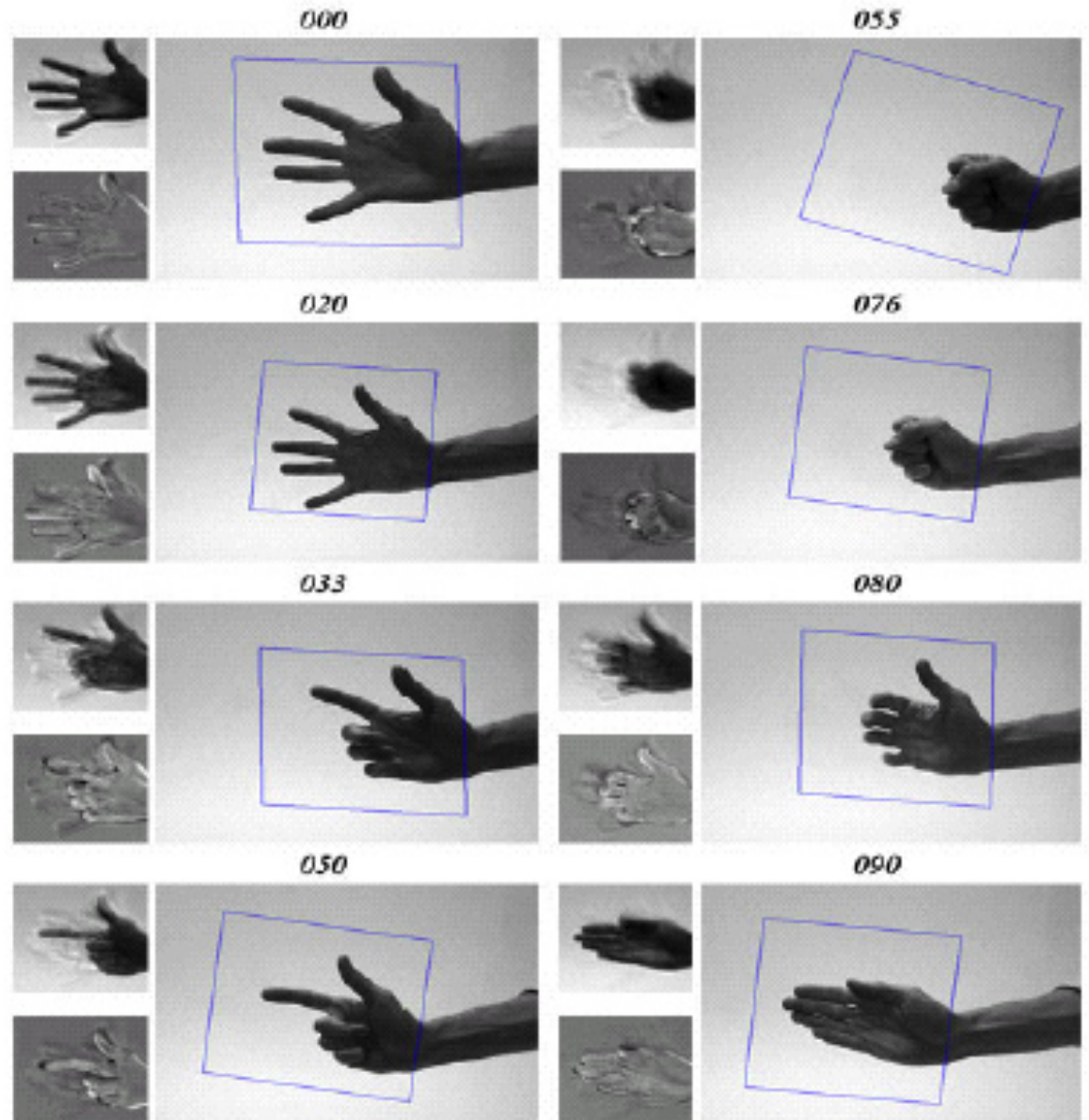
EigenTracking

(Black and Jepson)

Combines affine motion estimation with PCA representation to allow tracking of deforming objects.

Data:

<http://www.cs.brown.edu/~black/images.html>



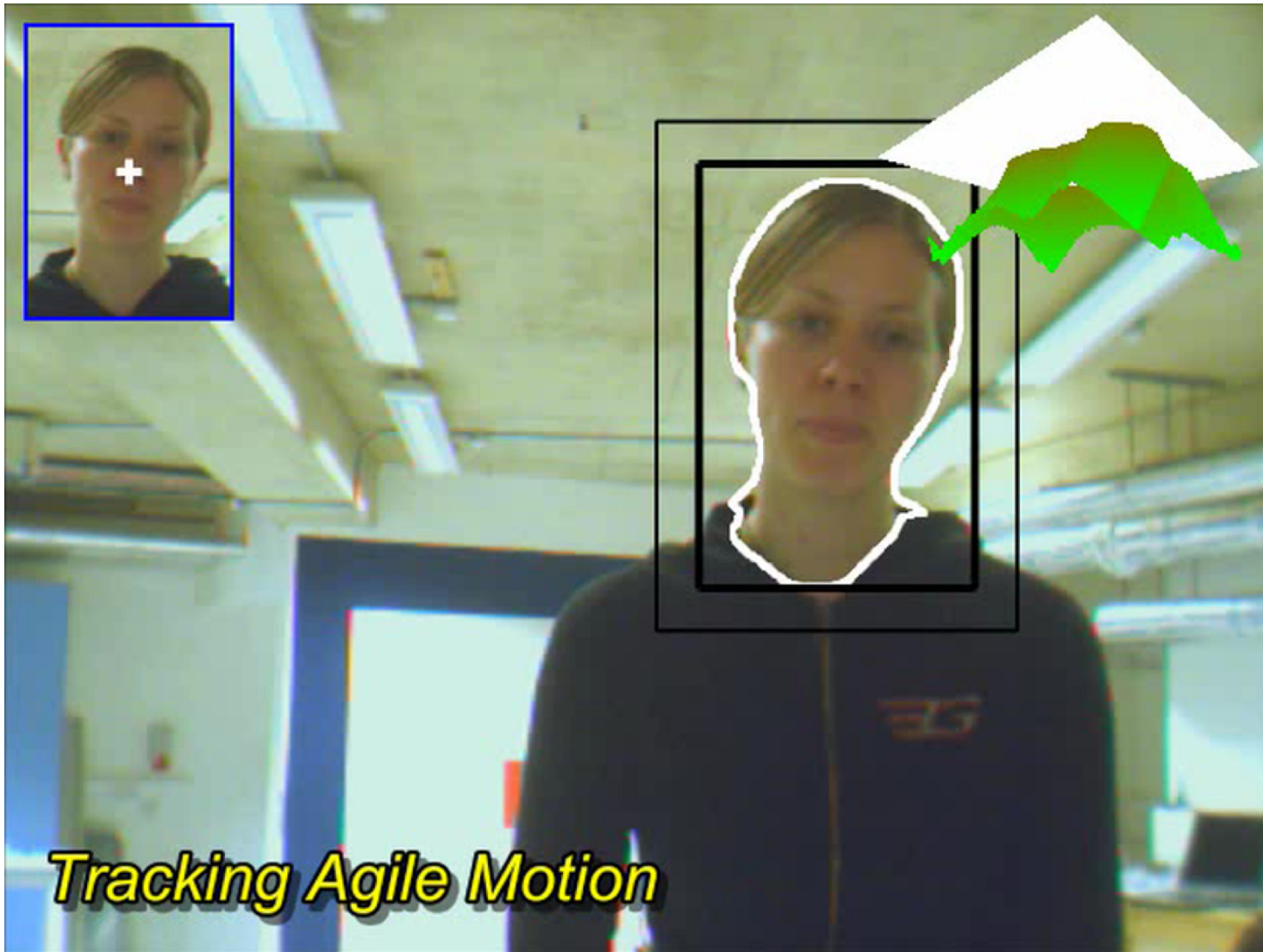
<http://www.cs.brown.edu/~black/eigenTrack.html>

EigenTracking:

Robust Affine Matching Using a View-Based Representation

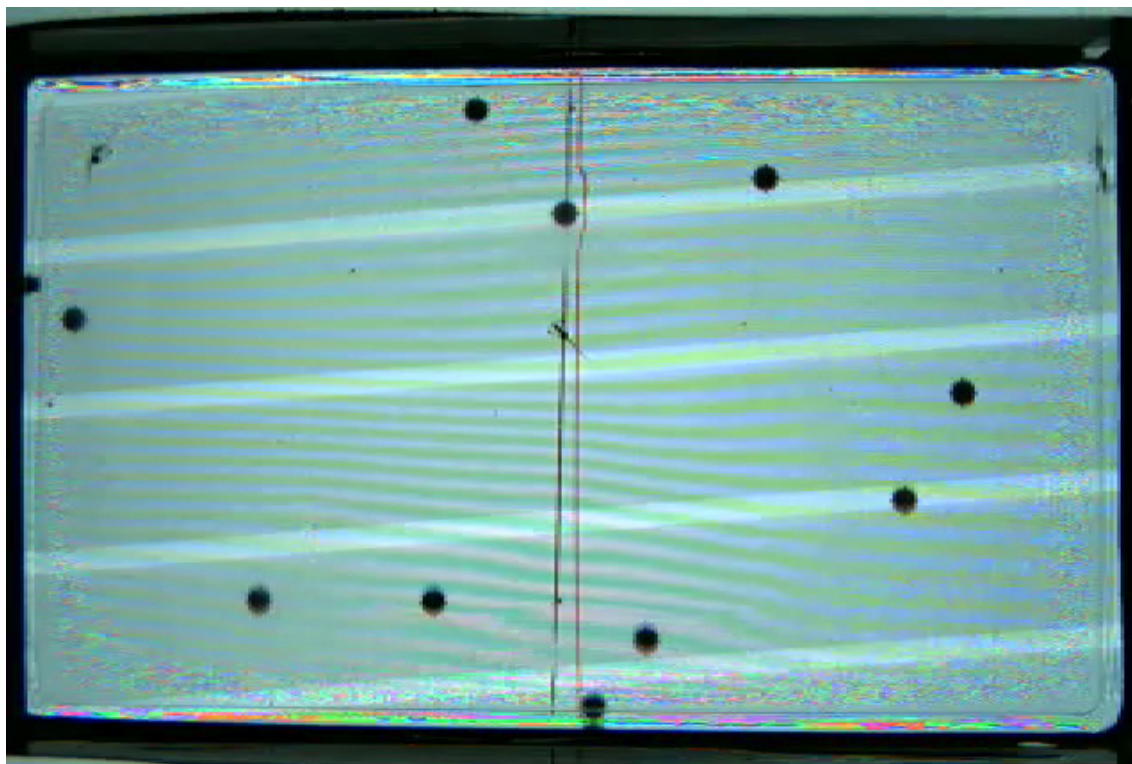
Submitted to ECCV'96

Confidential: For Review Only

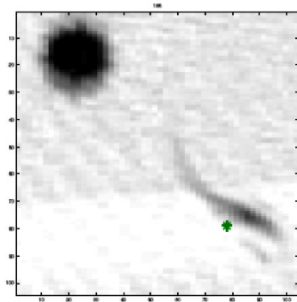


http://www.robots.ox.ac.uk/~cbibby/research_pwp.shtml

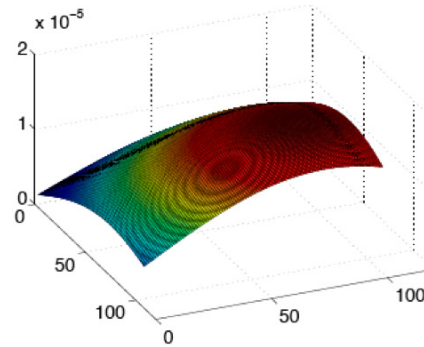
Tadpole tracker



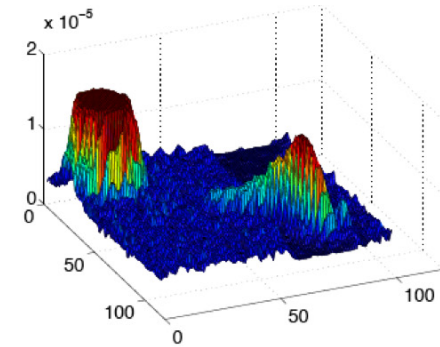
- Contact black or moldovan for data.



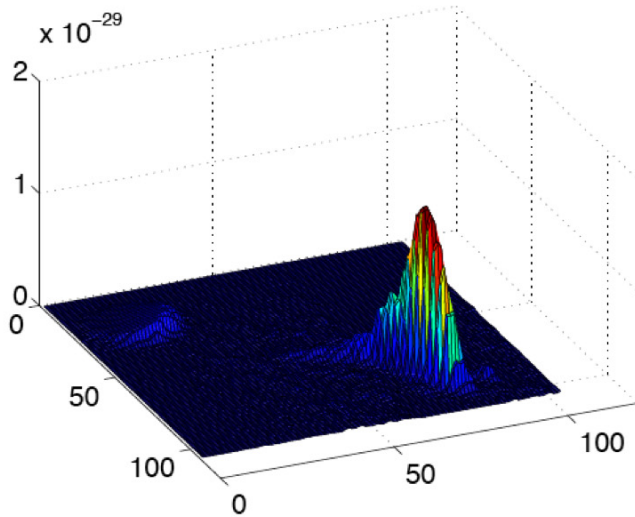
(a) Example image with predicted position plotted



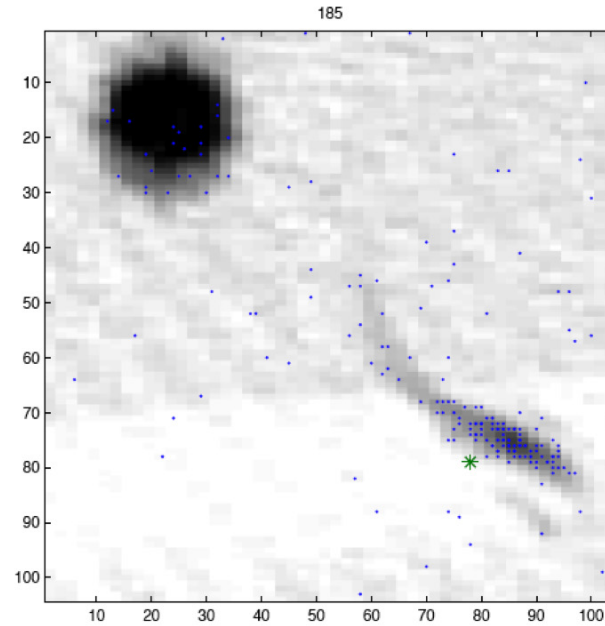
(b) Motion model-based distribution



(c) Pixel intensity distribution



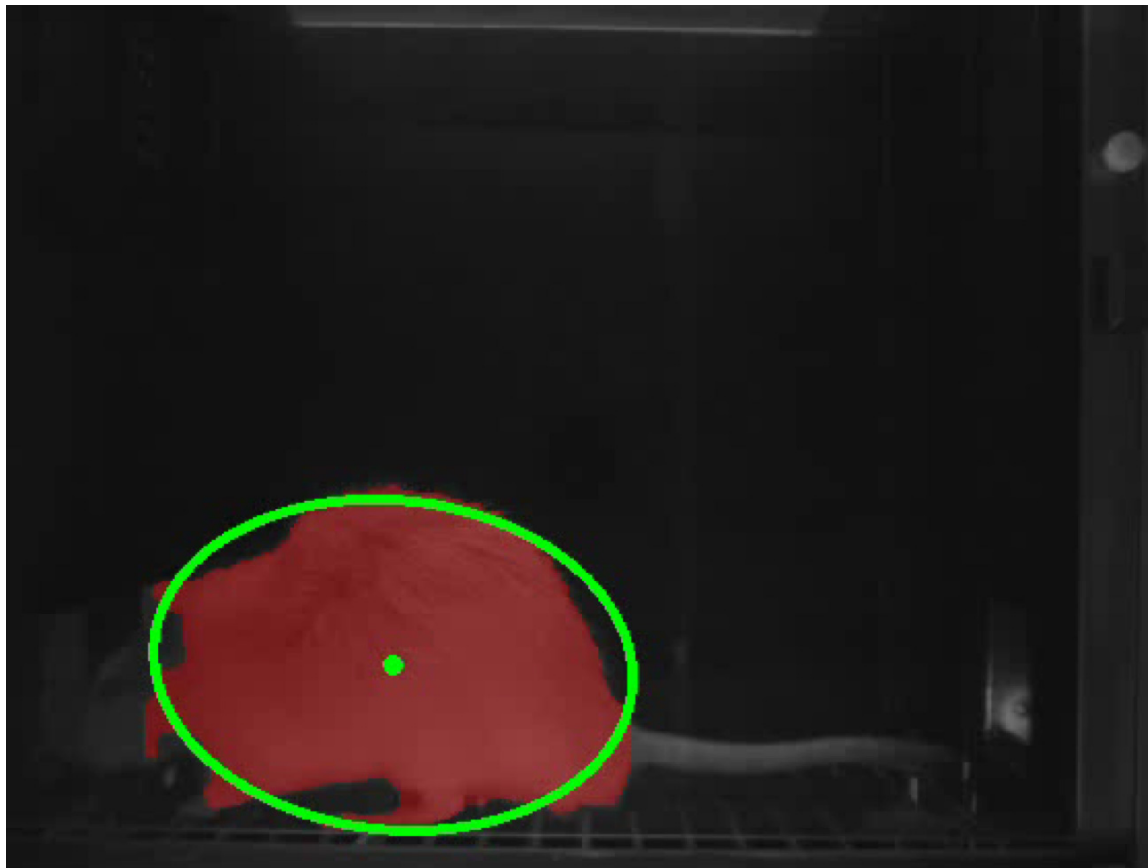
(d) Combined distribution



(e) Example image with 200 particles

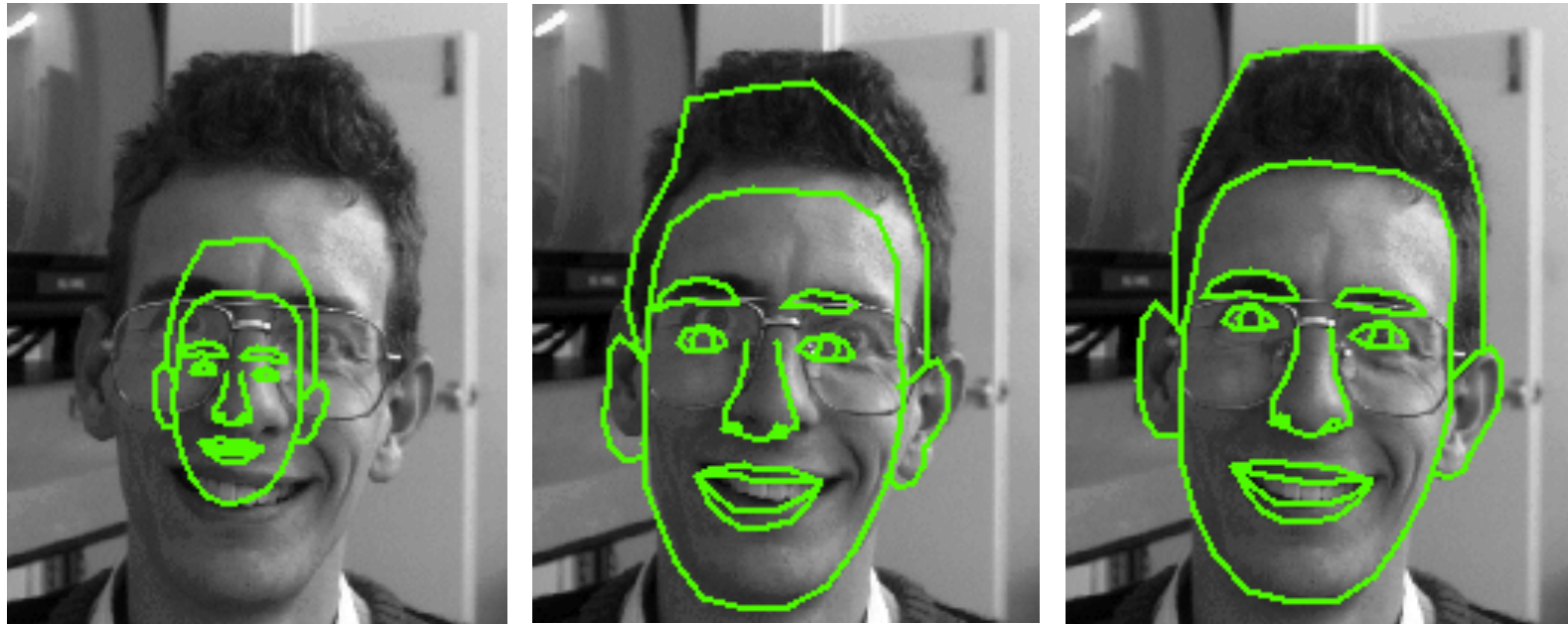
Greg Nicholas '07

Rodent tracker



Contact: Prof. Russ Church (Russell_Church@brown.edu)

Active Shape/Appearance Models



<http://www.isbe.man.ac.uk/~bim/>

Lot's of support code and data on web.

Stereo



- <http://vision.middlebury.edu/stereo/>

Panoramic Mosaics



<http://www.cs.washington.edu/education/courses/455/03wi/projects/project2/project2.htm>

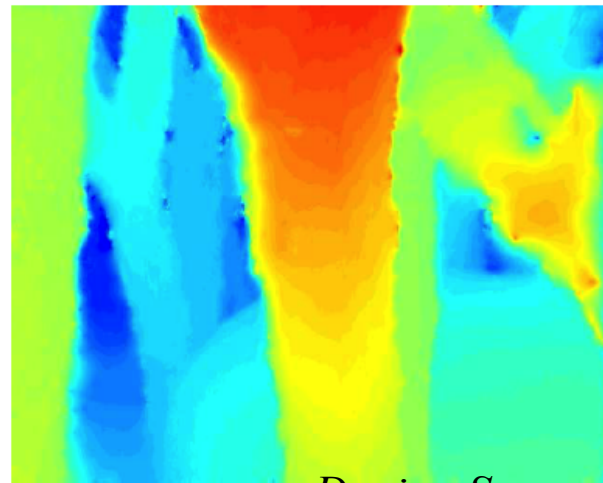
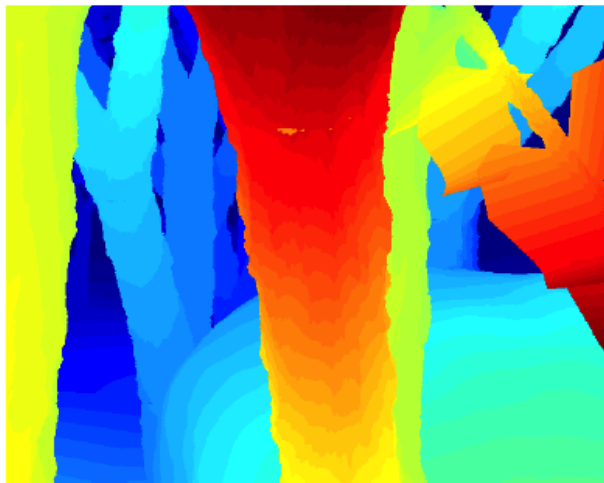
Dense Optical Flow or Stereo

Data and ground truth flow:

<http://vision.middlebury.edu/flow/>

Same for stereo

<http://vision.middlebury.edu/stereo/>



Deqing Sun

Pedestrian Detectors

<http://lear.inrialpes.fr/people/triggs/pubs/Dalal-cvpr05.pdf>

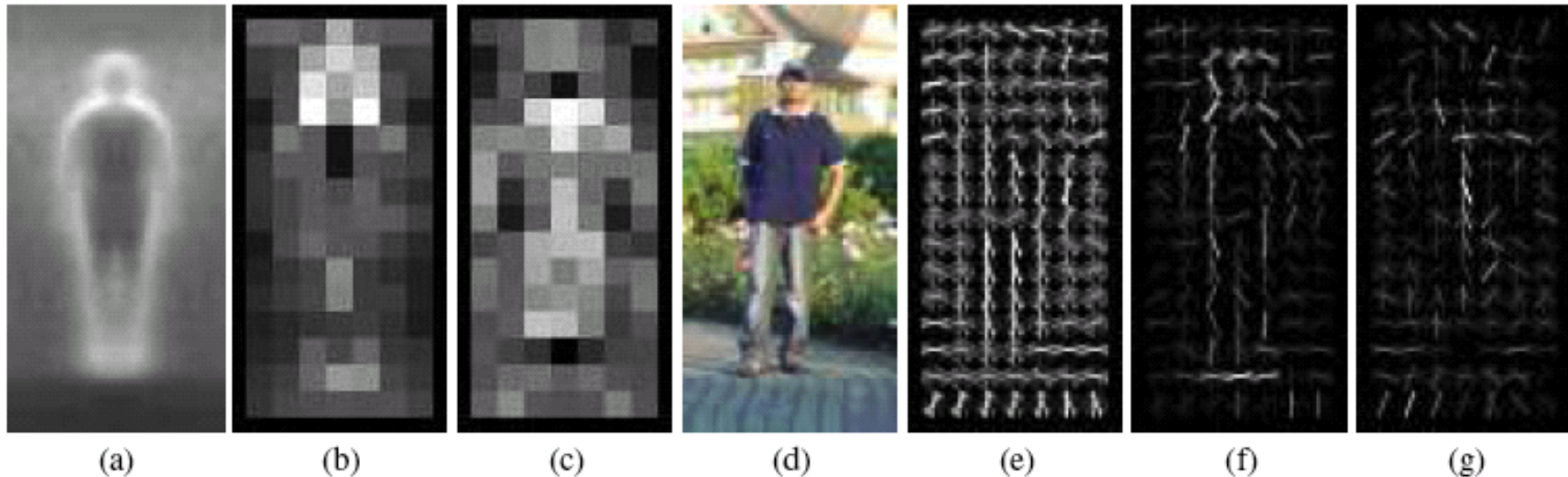


Figure 6. Our HOG detectors cue mainly on silhouette contours (especially the head, shoulders and feet). The most active blocks are centred on the image background just *outside* the contour. (a) The average gradient image over the training examples. (b) Each “pixel” shows the maximum positive SVM weight in the block centred on the pixel. (c) Likewise for the negative SVM weights. (d) A test image. (e) It’s computed R-HOG descriptor. (f,g) The R-HOG descriptor weighted by respectively the positive and the negative SVM weights.

Non-linear diffusion

Image denoising.

Original Image



Edge Enhancing Diffusion



<http://www-mount.ee.umn.edu/~guille/inpainting.htm>

-this turns out to be too hard and the best thing to do is a non-linear diffusion method.

Image Inpainting

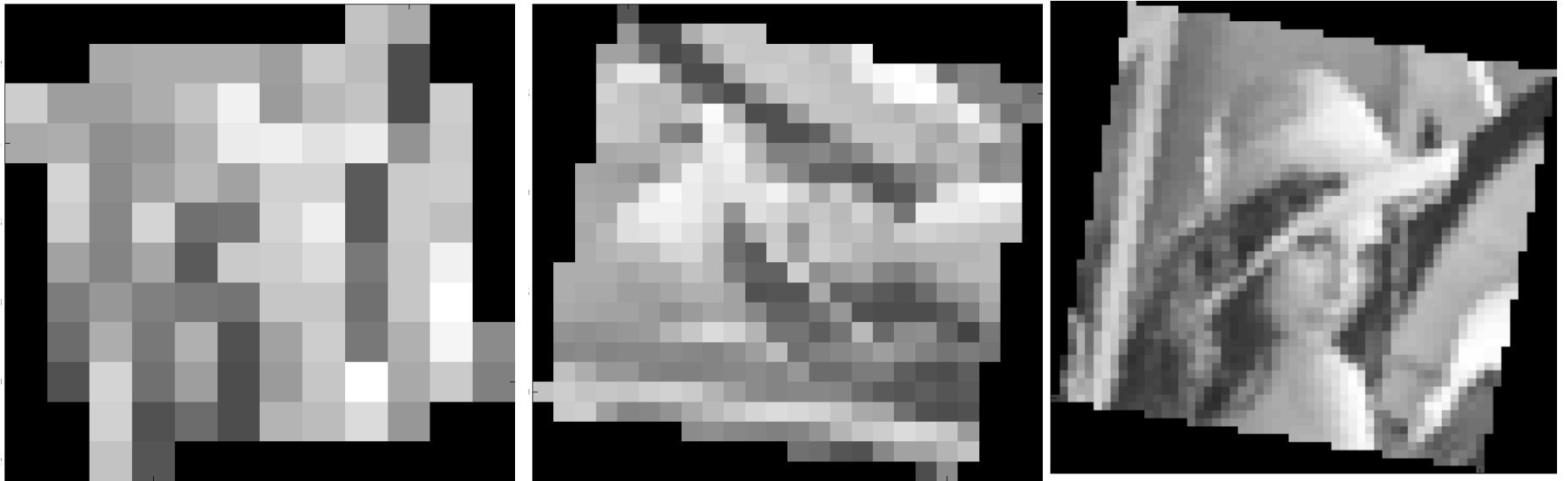


Colorization



<http://www.cs.huji.ac.il/~yweiss/Colorization/>

Super-resolution



See Michal Irani and Shmuel Peleg.

Super Resolution From Image Sequences.

IEEE, 1990.



CS296-4

Brown University

Forensic Computer Vision

April 2006

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Super-resolution



More Project “Ideas”

Temporal model of mouth motions (HMM) for recognition.

More advanced machine learning method for mouth or person detection

- AdaBoost

- support vector machines

Bayesian image denoising

Stereo

Space carving from silhouettes

Grab-cut

Moghaddam mixture model for face/mouth recognition.